

2/1

\$ wget https://media.ewen.works/mpsi/math/variables-aleatoires/exercice_2.py

\$ python exercice_2.py

$\leq n/3$ est plus probable

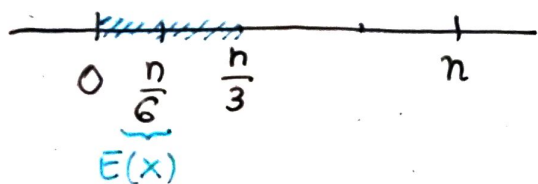
2/2 Markov avec $\alpha = \frac{n}{4}$:

$$P(X \geq \frac{n}{4}) \leq \frac{4E(X)}{n} = \frac{4n\frac{1}{6}}{n} = \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{car } X \sim \mathcal{B}(n, \frac{1}{6})$$

Soit $\varepsilon > 0$.

$$P(|X - E(X)| \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{V(X)}{\varepsilon^2}$$

$$\text{Ainsi } P(|X - E(X)| < \varepsilon) \geq 1 - \frac{V(X)}{\varepsilon^2}$$



$$\text{On prend } \varepsilon = \frac{n}{6}. \quad P(|X - E(X)| < \frac{n}{6}) \geq 1 - \frac{V(X)}{(\frac{n}{6})^2}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{n}{6}; \quad V(X) = npq = \frac{n}{6} \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\text{donc } P(|X - \frac{n}{6}| < \frac{n}{6}) \geq 1 - \frac{5n}{6^2 \frac{n^2}{n^2}} = 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(|X - \frac{n}{6}| \leq \frac{n}{6}) &> P(|X - \frac{n}{6}| < \frac{n}{6}) \\
 &\geq 1 - \frac{5}{n} \\
 &= P(X \leq \frac{n}{3}) \geq 1 - \frac{5}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

Pour $n = 30$,

$$\begin{cases} P(X \geq \frac{n}{4}) \leq \frac{2}{3} \\ P(X \leq \frac{n}{3}) \geq \frac{5}{6} > \frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

2/3 En général:

$$\frac{2}{3} \leq 1 - \frac{5}{n} \quad \text{ie} \quad \frac{5}{n} \leq \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{ie } n \geq 15$$

Pour $n \geq 15$, Bienaimé-Tchebytkhev & Markov suffisent
pour calculer $P(X \leq \frac{n}{3}) \geq P(X \geq \frac{n}{4})$

Pour $n \in \llbracket 1, 15 \rrbracket$, on calcule (avec Python)

$$P(X \leq \frac{n}{3}) = \sum_{k \leq \frac{n}{3}} \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^k \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{n-k}$$

$$P(X \geq \frac{n}{4}) = \sum_{k \geq \frac{n}{4}} \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^k \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{n-k}$$

def comparaison(n):

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return (
    sum(comb(n, k) * (1/6)**k * (5/6)**(n-k) for k in ...
    ...

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